

2. *Execution of orders of confiscation.*—All orders relating to confiscations and to releases of property under the Excise Regulation should, except where otherwise provided for, be carried out departmentally by an officer not inferior in rank to an Inspector. If in such cases the property be in the custody of the Police, the officer in charge of the Police Station should be informed by the Inspector, through the officer executing the orders, if necessary, of their exact nature, and should be requested to return the property to him.

3. *Orders of confiscation.*—(1) All orders of confiscation or of imposition of fines shall be in writing, and shall be filed with the records of the case to which they relate.

(2) All decisions upon appeals preferred against such orders shall also be in writing and a copy of them shall be similarly filed.

(3) The owner of articles ordered to be confiscated and persons offered the option of payment of fines under Section 66 of the Regulation shall be entitled to copies of all such orders and decisions in appeal upon payment of copying fees at the usual rates and of stamp duty under Article 8, Schedule I of the Mysore Court Fees Regulation 19.....

Provided that any officer granting any such copy may remit the payment of copying fees, on account of the poverty of the persons who would otherwise have to pay them or for other sufficient cause.

4. *Disposal of articles in Excise cases departmentally released.*—In Excise cases where the offender is known, but is released with a warning as those of shop-keepers found in possession of country spirits weaker than by more than one degree below the prescribed strength and of persons who appear to have offended through ignorance or inadvertance, confiscation cannot be ordered. If diluted liquor has been seized in connection with such cases, it should, be required as a condition of release that such liquor shall be destroyed before an Excise Inspector or other responsible officer of the Department if the quantity is inconsiderable, or, if it is large, that it shall be sent back to the depot whence it was originally purchased for the purpose of being reblended at the cost of the shop-keeper concerned. As regards other articles seized in such cases, the only course open is to return them to the offender. In any case in which confiscation seems desirable, the offender must be prosecuted.

5. *Disposal of articles in Excise cases released under head IV.*—It is only in doubtful cases which are released for want of proof, that Excise officers are competent to pass order of confiscation. Their careful attention is drawn to Section 65 of the Excise Regulation as to articles liable to confiscation and to the proviso to Section 66 as to the procedure to be adopted.

H. H. SPARKES,

Excise Commissioner in Mysore.

EDUCATION DEPARTMENT.

Notification D. No. 26, dated 29th November 1910.

The gentlemen whose names are given below are appointed to form a Committee for the management of the Aided Sanskrit Pathasala at Hulikal, Arkalgud Taluk :—

President.

Mr. Rangadhama Iyengar.

Secretary.

Mr. Chakravarti Narasimhachar.

Members.

Mr. Mahadimane Narasimhachar.

„ Venkataiengar.

„ Jois Rangachar.

„ Dayalu Srinivasa Iyengar.

„ Halemane Shama Iyengar.

„ Narasimhachar, son of Mr. Shama Iyengar.

Notification D. No. 27 of 1910-11, dated 5th December 1910.

In supersession of Notification D. No. 27 of 1906-07, dated 18th March 1907, Kanarese Third Reader by E. Marsden, B.A., is prescribed for use in the 3rd Vernacular Class and I Anglo-Vernacular Class in all Government and Aided Schools.

J. WEIR,

Inspector-General of Education in Mysore.